

FRONTIERS IN MATERIALS
MANUFACTURING

THE FUTURE OF ENERGY STORAGE

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**THE FUTURE OF
ENERGY STORAGE**



JOE CRESKO

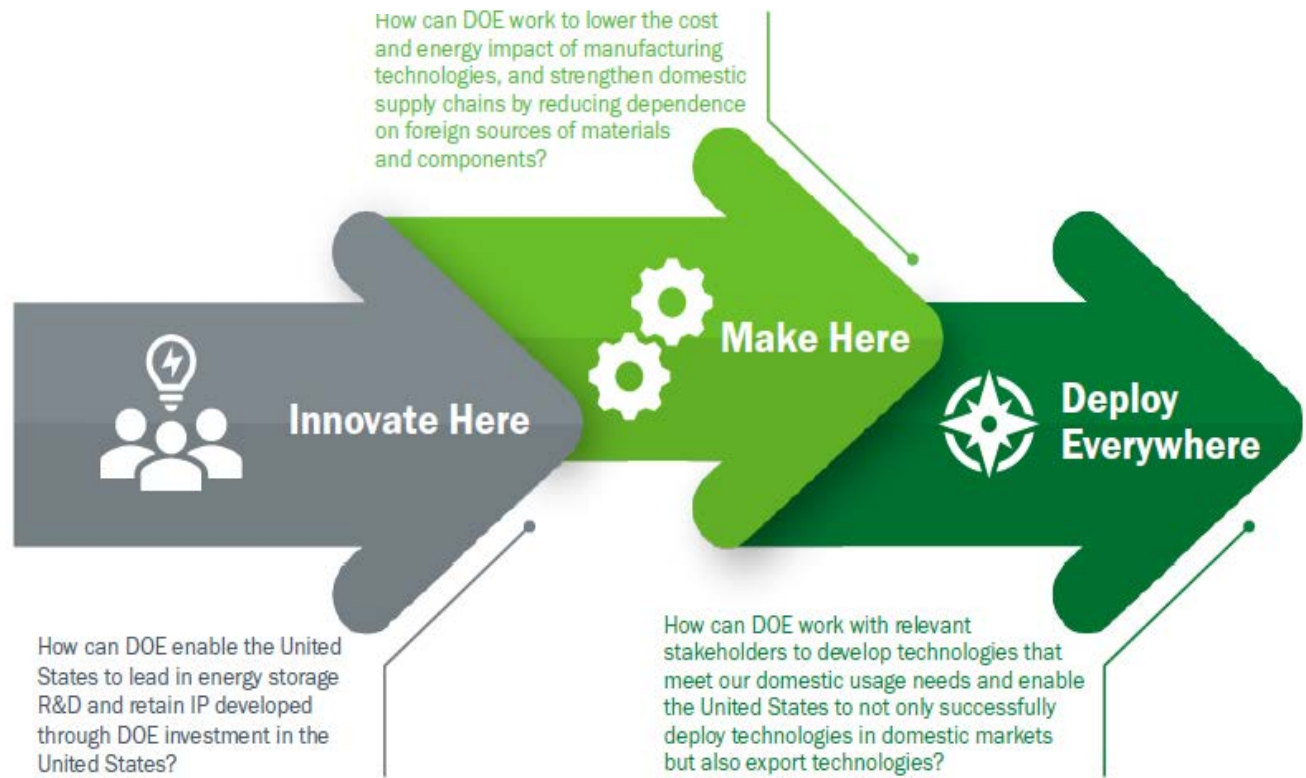
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ENERGY STORAGE GRAND CHALLENGE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

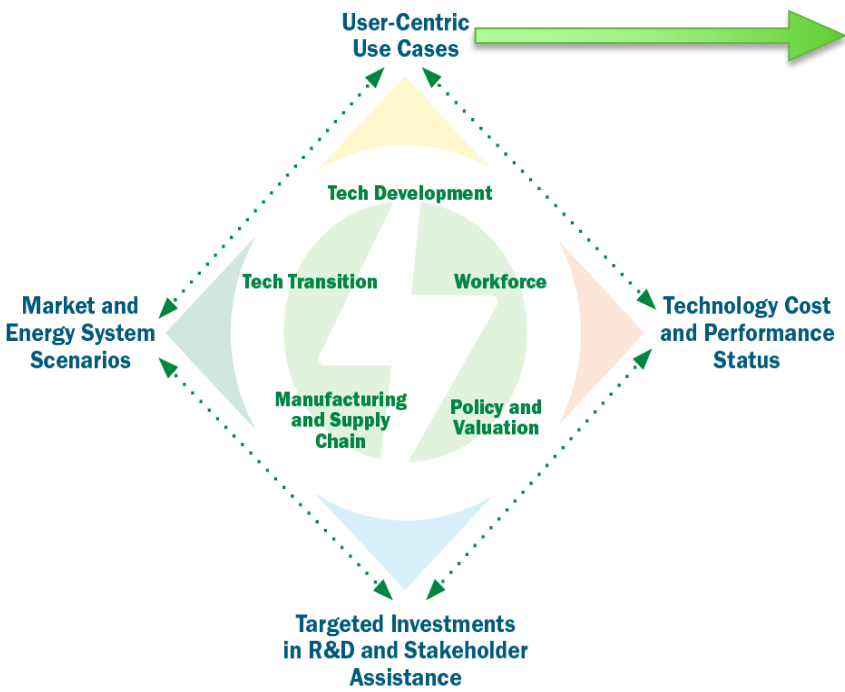
Accelerate the development, commercialization, and utilization of next-generation energy storage technologies and sustain American global leadership in energy storage.





ENERGY STORAGE GRAND CHALLENGE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY



Facilitating an Evolving Grid

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increasing adoption of variable resources Dynamic changes in customer demand 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$0.03-\$0.05/kWh levelized cost of storage
--	--

Electrified Mobility

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distribution delivery capacity for fast charging Lower EV battery manufacturing costs and improved performance 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$80/kWh manufactured cost for battery pack \$104/kw-yr storage capex
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Critical Services

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disaster-related and other power outages 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$77/kw-yr for reliability applications \$1392/kw-yr for backup generator offset
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Serving Remote Communities

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electricity premium due to fuel logistics and maintenance Fuel supply disruptions 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$65/mwh delivered energy
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Interdependent Network Infrastructure

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grid interdependencies mean loss of function and service within these infrastructures can have far-reaching costs and impacts 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$77/kw-yr storage capex
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Facility Flexibility, Efficiency, and Value Enhancement

Drivers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhance the overall facility value to the owner, operator, and the end consumer 	Potential Price Target(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$85/kwh, \$52/kw-yr for commercial and residential buildings \$20-\$52/kw-yr for energy intensive facilities
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ENERGY STORAGE GRAND CHALLENGE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Opportunity space for use cases, and ...

USE CASE FAMILIES

Facilitating an Evolving Grid	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●
Serving Remote Communities	○	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	○	●	●	○	○	○
Electrified Mobility	●	○	○	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	○	●
Interdependent Network Infrastructure	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	○	●	○	○	○	●	○
Critical Services	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○
FFE&EV: Commercial & Residential Buildings	○	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	○	●	●	○
FFE&EV: Energy Intensive or Generation Facilities	○	●	●	○	●	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	○
GOALS	Load Response Short	Load Response Mid	Load Response Long	Black Start Capable	Power Quality	Reliable	Robust	Long Lifetime	Scalable	Compact	Safe	Efficient	Flexible	Modular

○ Use case does not require performance goal.



● Use case maximally requires performance goal.

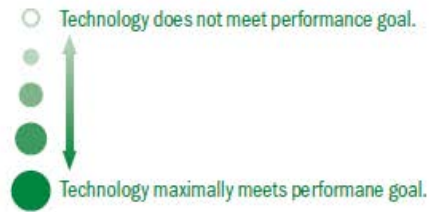
ESGC Roadmap –

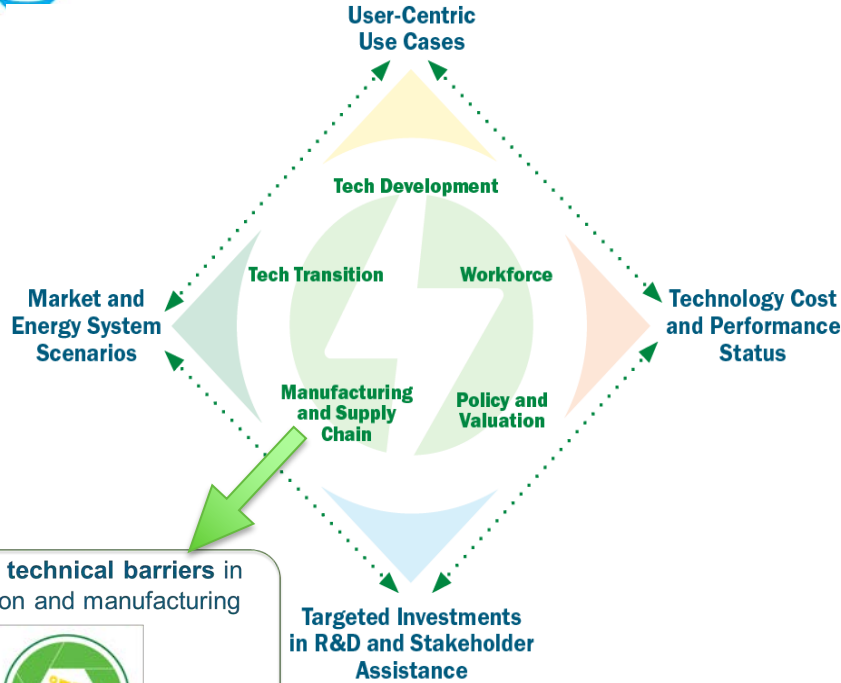
<https://www.energy.gov/energy-storage-grand-challenge/energy-storage-grand-challenge>



... opportunity space for energy storage systems.

		GOALS	Load Response Short	Load Response Mid	Load Response Long	Black Start Capable	Power Quality	Reliable	Robust	Long Lifetime	Scalable	Compact	Safe	Efficient	Flexible	Modular		
ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES	BIDIRECTIONAL	Electrochemical	●	●●	●●●	●●●●	●	●●	●●	●	●	●●	●	●	●	●●	●●●	
		Electro-mechanical	●●	●●	●●	●●●	●●	●	●●	●●●	○	○	●●	●●●	●	○	○	
		Chemical	○	●●	●●	●	○	○	○	○	●●	●●●	●	○	●●	●	●●	
		Thermal	○	●●	●●	○	○	●	○	○	●●	●●●	○	○	●	○	○	
		Flexible Buildings	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●●	○	○	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●●
		Flexible Generation	●●	●●	●●	●	●●	○	○	○	●●	●	○	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●



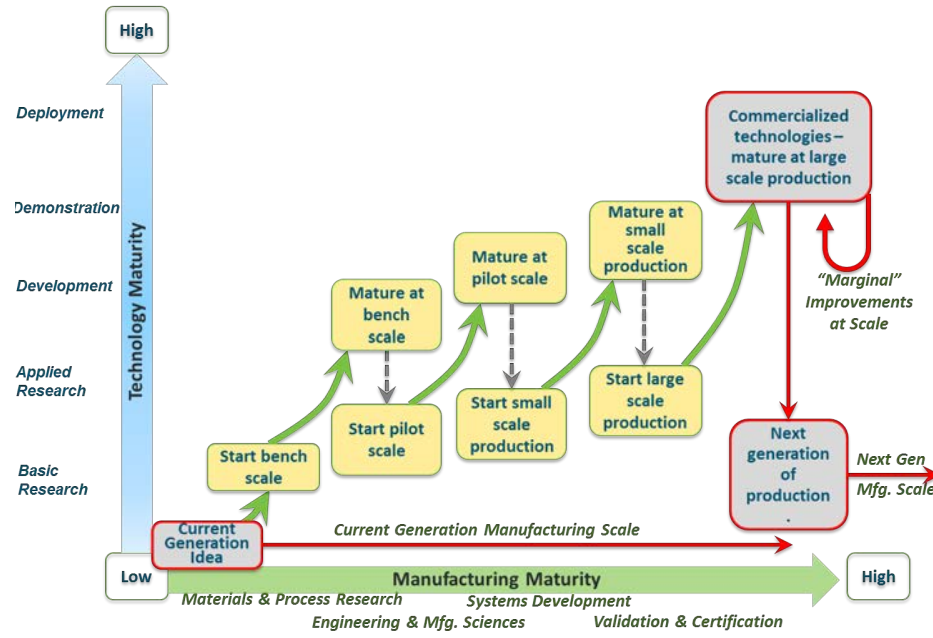


Address **technical barriers** in production and manufacturing



Improve **critical materials** supply chain resilience

Accelerate scale-up of **emerging manufacturing processes**



Technology challenges arise at all manufacturing scales



ENERGY STORAGE GRAND CHALLENGE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

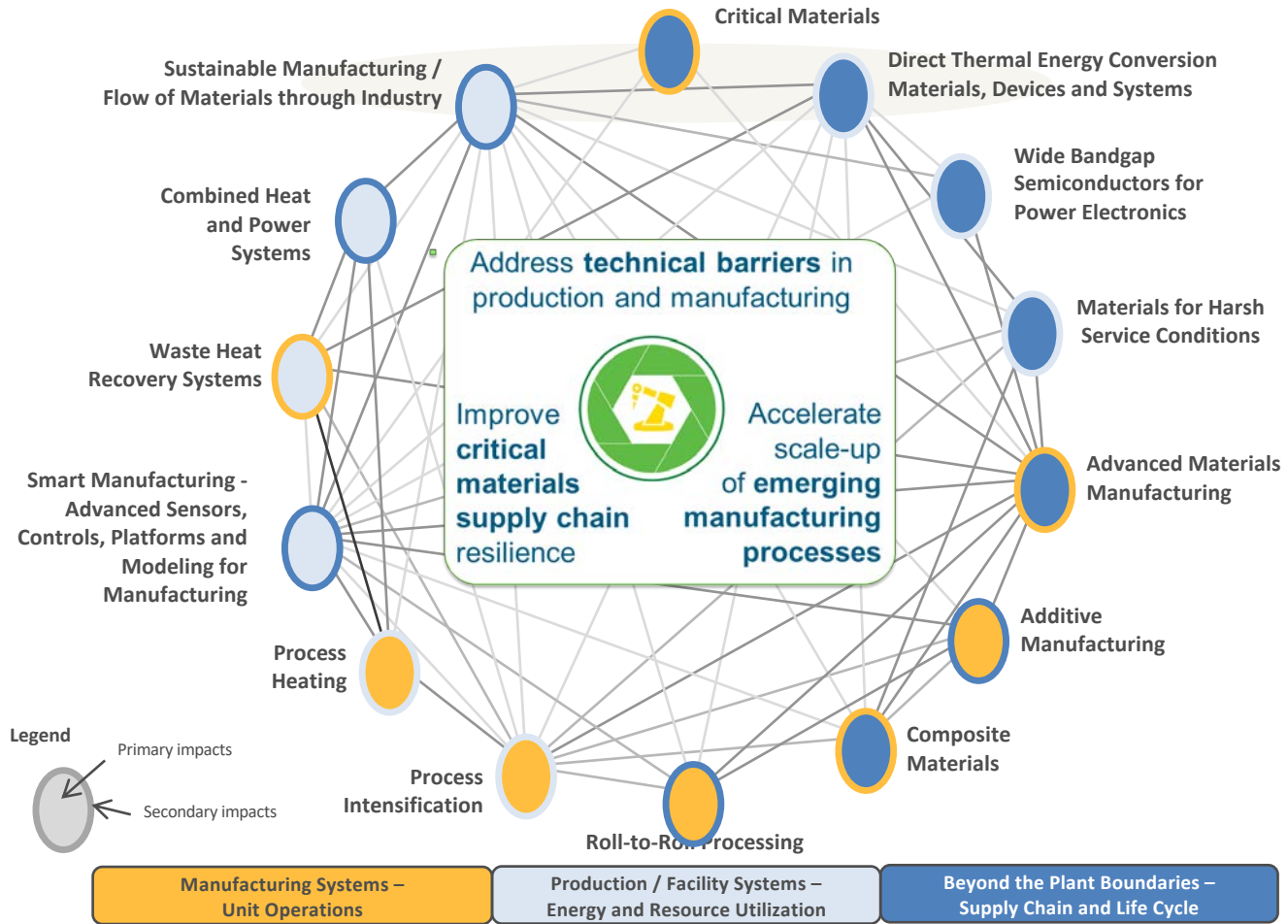
Identified manufacturing challenges for energy storage systems.

		Advance processing and recycling to diversify critical materials sourcing	Lower manufacturing cost			Improve performance (e.g., safety, lifecycle cost)				Accelerate manufacturing scale up/scale out	Standardize systems design and testing protocols to streamline integration of innovations
			Membranes	Advanced anode, cathode, electrolyte, and chemistries	Containment structures and materials	Electrolyzers	Advanced storage materials	Bipolar plates	Heat exchangers		
Storage Type	Lithium-based Batteries	X		X					X	X	
	Other Battery Chemistries	X	X	X			X			X	X
	Flow Batteries	X	X	X	X			X		X	X
	Mechanical Energy Storage						X			X	X
	Chemical Energy Storage	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	
	Thermal Energy Storage				X		X		X		X

ESGC Roadmap –

<https://www.energy.gov/energy-storage-grand-challenge/energy-storage-grand-challenge>

Leverage AMO core technology areas to address energy conversion & storage challenges



AMO Multi-Year Program Plan:
<https://www.energy.gov/eere/amo/downloads/advanced-manufacturing-office-ammo-multi-year-program-plan-fiscal-years-2017>

AMO Technology Assessments:
<https://www.energy.gov/eere/amo/energy-analysis-data-and-reports>

Accelerate scale-up of emerging manufacturing processes – R2R Manufacturing Collaborations

AMO DE-FOA-0001980 Topic 1.2 battery manufacturing FY20 awards (co-supported by VTO)

HFTO DE-FOA-0002229 Topic 1 Electrolyzer Manufacturing R&D (co-supported by AMO)

AMO R2R Advanced Materials Manufacturing (AMM) Collaboration



- Novel deposition via electrospinning
- In-situ characterization via x-ray scattering
- Advanced testing capabilities



- Macroscopic mathematical modeling of colloids
- Coating parameter measurement & quantification
- X-ray tomography of dried coatings



- Colloidal chemistry & surfactant research
- Slurry processing & coating scale-up
- Deposition parameters, drying, and curing



- Physics & methods for coatings / deposition
- Fabrication / In-situ testing
- Novel NDE, QC, and metrology



- Validation of continuum-scale models
- Acceleration of coating designs & scale-up processes
- Prediction of optimum coating / deposition windows

Industry Partnerships for Battery Manufacturing Innovation

Address engineering challenges for advanced battery materials and devices, to de-risk, scale, and accelerate adoption.

Selections announced August, 2020

Lab	Industry Partner	Title
ANL	Albemarle/Ameridia (North Carolina)	Advanced Brine Processing to Enable U.S. Lithium Independence
ANL	Hunt Energy Enterprises (Texas)	Hydrothermal Production of Single Crystal Ni-rich Cathodes with Extreme Rate Capability
ANL	Koura Global (Massachusetts)	Continuous Flow Reactor Synthesis of Advanced Electrolyte Components for Lithium-Ion Batteries
ANL	PolyPlus (California)	Continuous high yield production of defect-free, ultrathin sulfide glass electrolytes for next generation solid state lithium metal batteries
ANL	Safeli LLC (Wisconsin)	Scale-up Production of Graphene Monoxide for Next-Generation LIB Anodes
ANL	Saint-Gobain Ceramics & Plastics (Pennsylvania)	Scaling halide-type solid electrolytes for solid state batteries
BNL	C4V & Primet (New York)	Commercially Viable Process for Surface Conditioning of High-Nickel Low-Cobalt Cathodes
LBNL	Saint-Gobain Research North America (Pennsylvania)	Scale-Up of Novel Li-Conducting Halide Solid State Battery Electrolyte
NREL	Clarios, Amplitude, Feasible (New York)	High-Throughput Laser Processing and Acoustic Diagnostics for Enhanced Battery Performance and Mfg.
ORNL	PPG (Pennsylvania)	High-Energy and High-Power NMP-Free Designer Electrodes with Ultra-Thick Architectures Processed by Multilayer Slot-Die Coating and Electrophoretic Deposition
ORNL	Soteria (South Carolina)	Multilayer Electrode with Metalized Polymer Current Collector for High-Energy Lithium-Ion Batteries with Extreme-Fast-Charging Capability
PNNL	Albemarle (North Carolina)	Scaling-Up of High-Performance Single Crystalline Ni-rich Cathode Materials with Advanced Li Salts
PNNL	Ampcera Inc. (California)	Scaling-Up and Roll-to-Roll Processing of Highly Conductive Sulfide Solid-State Electrolytes

Lab-Embedded Entrepreneurship Programs

Empower innovators to mature their ideas from concept to first product, positioning them to align with the most suitable commercial path to bring their technology to scale.

CHAIN REACTION INNOVATIONS

cyclotronroad



Accelerate access to follow-on funding

Position people and technology for market



① **Recruit** the best energy technology innovators



INNOVATION CROSSROADS



② **Leverage** expert mentorship and world-class facilities at the national labs on a win-win basis

<https://www.energy.gov/eere/amo/lab-embedded-entrepreneurship-programs>

Energy Conversion and Storage – Lab-Embedded Entrepreneurs



- A novel radioisotope battery made from nuclear waste
- 2017 CRI Cohort
- Potential markets include space power, military, remote energy storage



- Graphene-enhanced electrodes
- 2018 CRI Cohort
- Potential markets include Li-ion battery material and cell manufacturers



- Portable thermophotovoltaic power generator
- 2018 CRI Cohort
- Potential markets include U.S. military, emergency response, and drones



- Organic materials for energy storage
- 2018 CRI Cohort
- Potential markets include electrolyte and Li-ion cell manufacturers



- Dielectric materials for high density capacitive energy storage
- 2019 CRI Cohort



- Electrolytes to enable more powerful ultracapacitors
- 2018 Innovation Crossroads Cohort
- Potential markets include mobile electronics and electric vehicles



- Turning low-temperature waste heat into energy storage
- 2017 Innovation Crossroads Cohort
- Potential markets include petrochemical and pulp & paper mfrs

Energy Conversion and Storage – Lab-Embedded Entrepreneurs



- Advanced membranes for beyond Li-ion battery performance
- 2016 Cyclotron Road Cohort
- Potential markets include mobile electronics and electric vehicles



- Ultrasound & Machine Learning for Battery Inspection & Metrology
- 2016 Cyclotron Road Cohort
- Potential markets include battery manufacturers and end users



CUBERG

- Advanced Electrolyte for stable high-voltage Li-metal batteries
- 2016 Cyclotron Road Cohort
- Potential markets include U.S. military, energy producers, and drones



- A new class of ultra-low-cost flow battery
- 2018 Cyclotron Road Cohort
- Potential markets include wind and solar energy producers

Antora Energy

- Low-cost thermal batteries for grid-scale energy storage
- 2018 Cyclotron Road Cohort
- Potential markets include the U.S. military and energy providers

Improve critical materials supply chains

GOALS
DOES

Enhance critical materials resiliency for energy technologies through R&D approaches to:

- Diversify the supply chain for critical materials, including domestic production and processing
- Develop element, material, and/or system substitutes to reduce dependence
- Drive recycling, reuse, and more efficient use of critical materials

aligned with Executive Order 13817

KEY CRITICAL MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAINS FOR AMO

- Rare earth elements for permanent magnets for electric machines
- Cobalt and lithium for electric vehicle batteries and grid storage
- Gallium for LEDs and power electronics

Address **technical barriers** in production and manufacturing



Improve **critical materials supply chain** resilience

Accelerate scale-up of **emerging manufacturing processes**

Critical Materials Institute (CMI)



- DOE Energy Innovation Hub
- Led by Ames Laboratory
- Aligned with DOE priorities
- \$25M per year, directed by Congress

Energy Storage Grand Challenge Crosscut



- Battery manufacturing projects \$45M: FY19 FOA
- Strategic analysis: Battery recycling case studies
- Lithium-ion Battery Recycling Prize
- Battery Manufacturing Lab Call

\$30M in funding for field validation and demonstration and next-generation technologies

SELECTIONS COMING SOON

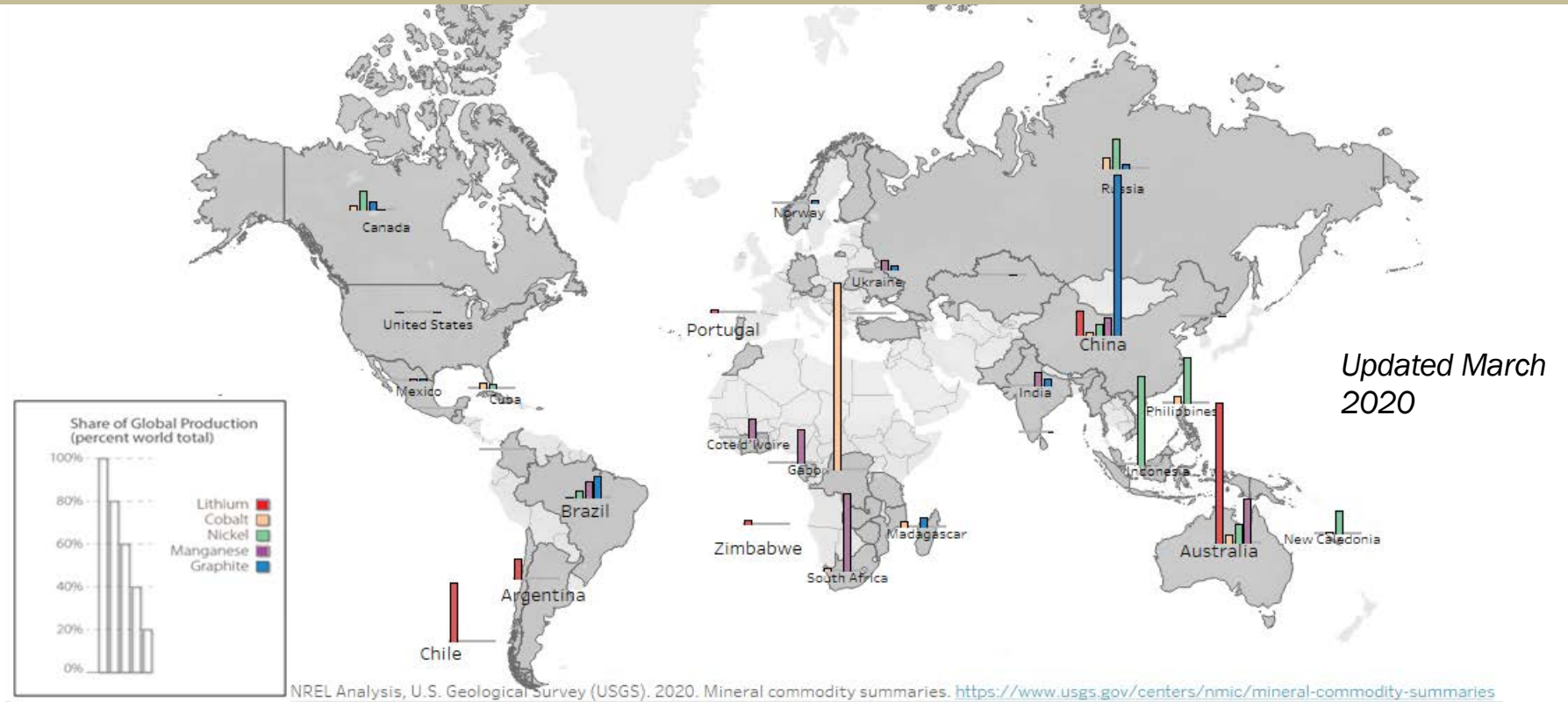
SBIR/STTR and Technology Commercialization Fund

projects to advance technologies beyond the lab,








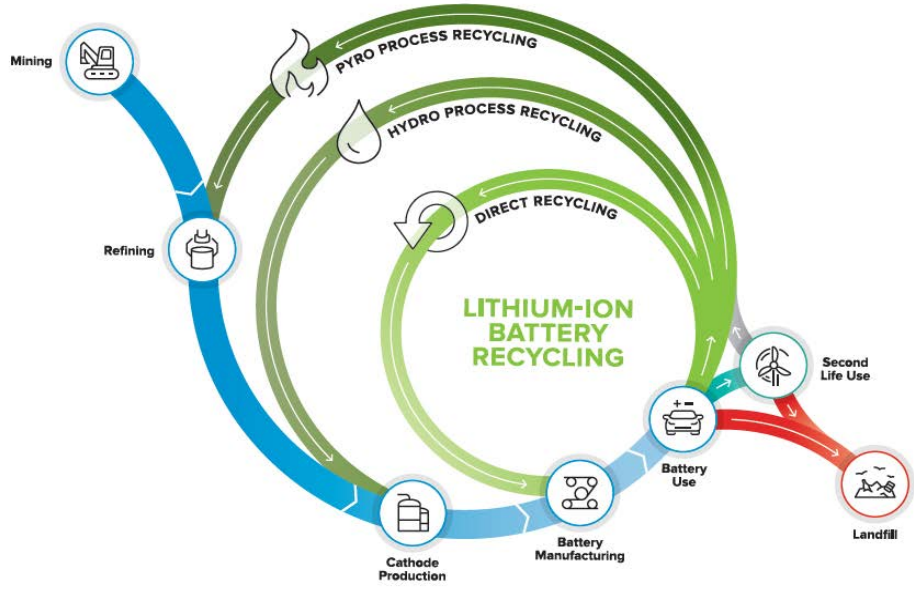
Materials sources for lithium-ion batteries

In 2019, 41 countries accounted for all global production of Li, Co, Ni, Mn and Graphite, with > 50% of production of three elements (Co, Graphite, Li) originating in one country.



Opportunities for a more circular economy for LIBs

	Natural Resources	Spent Batteries
One ton of battery-grade cobalt can come from:	 300 TONS OF ORE	 5-15 TONS OF SPENT LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES
One ton of battery-grade lithium can come from:	  250 TONS OF ORE 750 TONS BRINE	 28 TONS OF LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES



- Less dependence on foreign sources
- Material supply chain stability
- Domestic job creation
- Lower battery costs

Q. Dai, J. C. Kelly, and A. Elgowainy. Cobalt Life Cycle Analysis Update for the GREET Model. September 2018. https://greet.es.anl.gov/publication-update_cobalt.

But what about energy conversion & storage systems for the industrial sector?

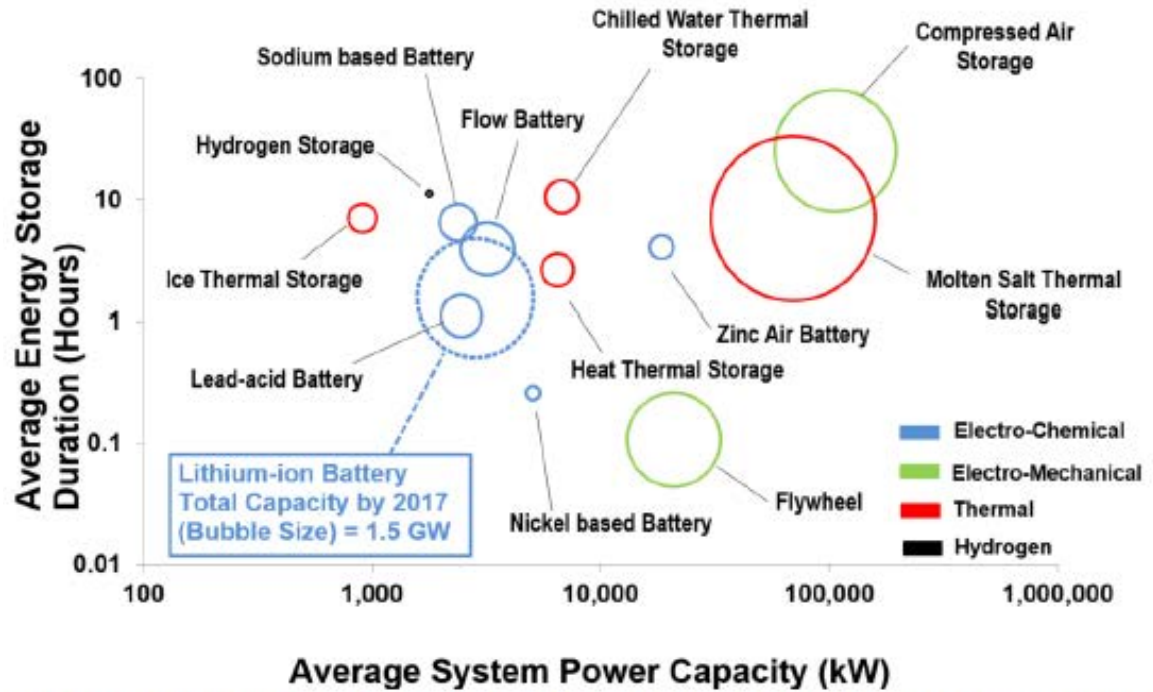
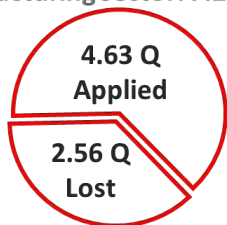


Figure 1. Average characteristics of energy storage systems built worldwide between 1958 and 2017, by technology, from the DOE Energy Storage Database (2018), sample size = 1,041 (pumped hydro not shown because of its very large global capacity)

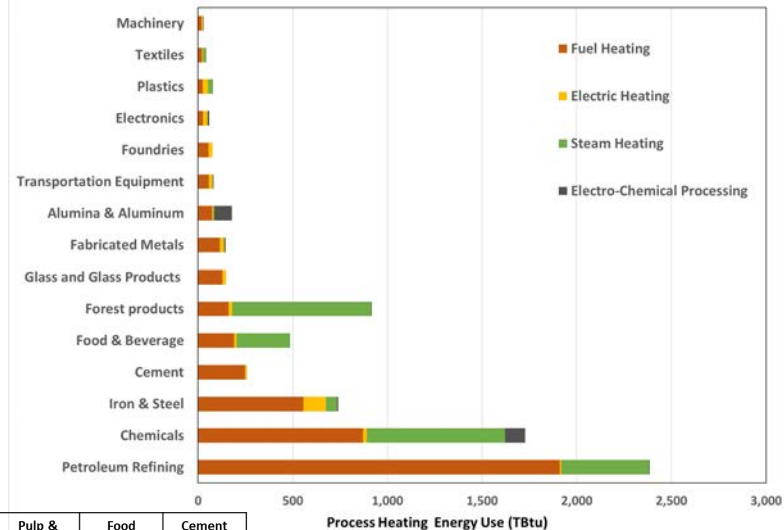
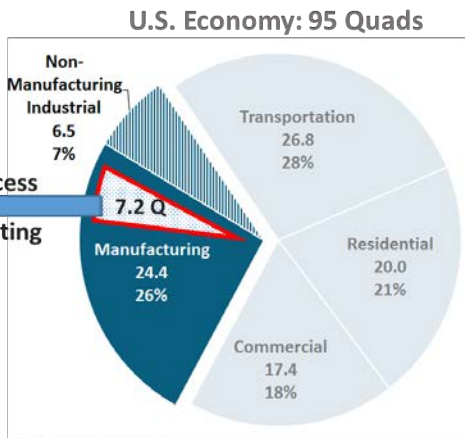
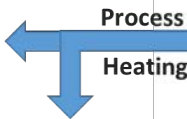
Fu, Ran, Timothy W. Remo, and Robert M. Margolis. 2018 US Utility-Scale Photovoltaics-Plus-Energy Storage System Costs Benchmark. No. NREL/TP-6A20-71714. National Renewable Energy Lab.(NREL), Golden, CO (United States), 2018. <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy19osti/71714.pdf>

Thermal opportunity

Process Heating in the manufacturing sector: 7.2 Quads



Approximately 2.5 Quad opportunity in process heating alone

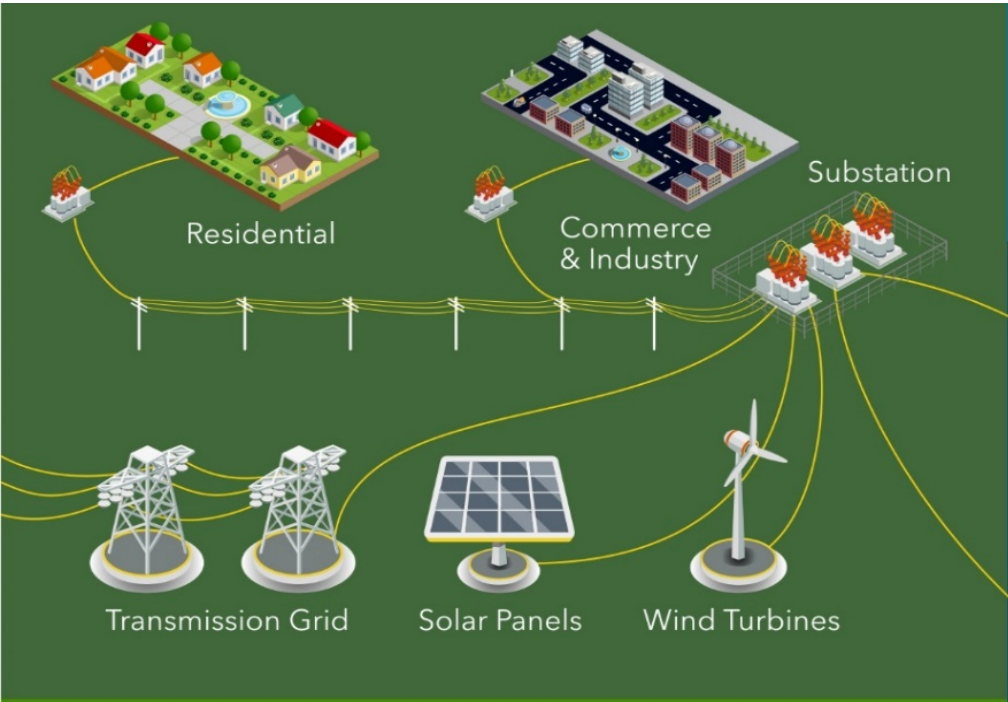


Source: EIA Monthly Energy Review, Aug 2014; AEO 2014

Thermal Process Step	Iron & Steel	Petroleum Refining	Chemical Industry	Glass	Aluminum	Pulp & Paper	Food Processing	Cement
Calcining	Red		Red		Red	Red		Red
Curing and forming			Yellow					
Drying			Yellow					
Fluid heating		Yellow	Yellow					
Heat treating (metal & nonmetal)	Yellow			Yellow	Yellow			
Metal and non-metal reheating	Red				Yellow			
Metal and non-metal melting	Red			Red	Yellow			
Other heating - processing			Yellow					
Reactive thermal processing	Red	Yellow	Yellow					
Smelting, agglomeration, etc.	Red							
Steam generation	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow		Yellow	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow

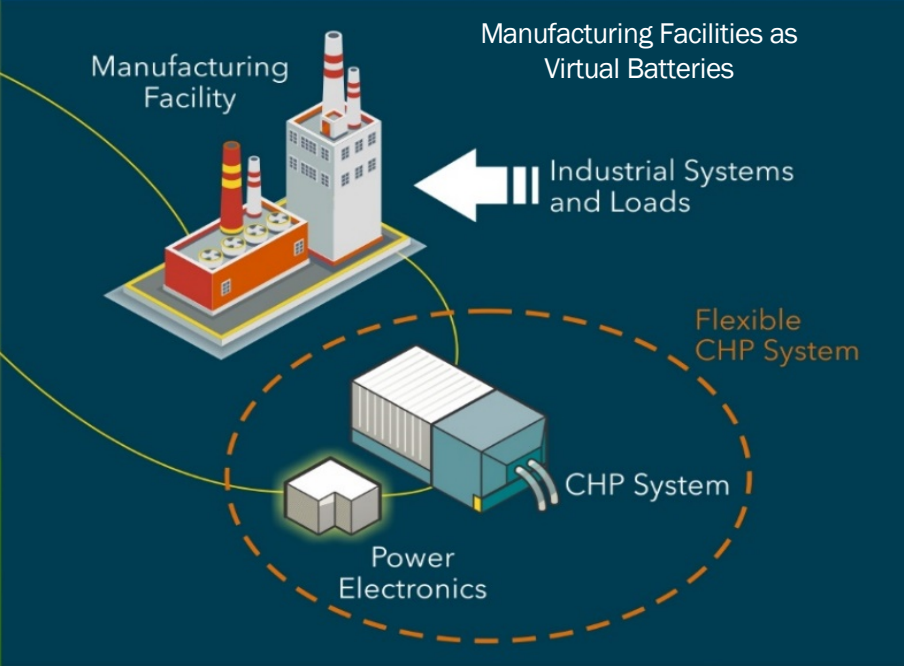
Temperature Range	Color
Low Temperature (<800°F)	Light Blue
Medium Temperature (800 to 1400°F)	Yellow
High Temperature (>1400°F)	Red

Flexible manufacturing facilities



NEW CONCEPT

- Flexible CHP system provides electricity and thermal energy for plant processes and operations
- Flexible CHP system provides additional generating capacity when grid demand increases and/or renewable resources are not available. Flexible CHP also can provide other services, such as frequency regulation, to keep the grid stable



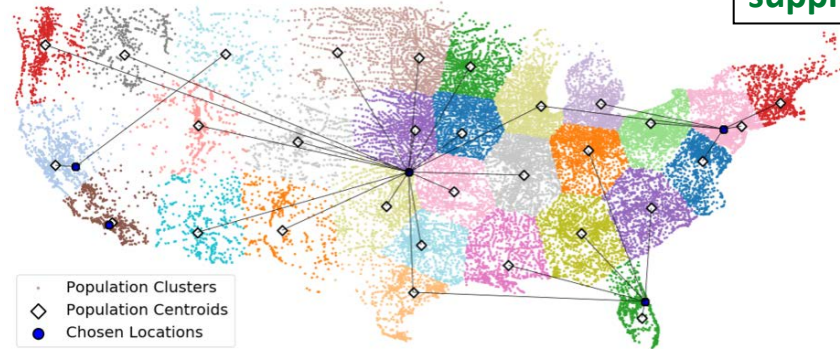
TODAY'S ELECTRIC GRID

- Power system serves residential, commercial, and industrial loads, and interconnects with a growing number of intermittent renewable energy resources

What does the intersection of energy storage and manufacturing look like going forward?

Highly efficient, productive, flexible and resilient manufacturing operations, systems and facilities.

Robust, dynamic, adaptable supply chains. Reverse supply chains.



Data analytics, machine learning, artificial intelligence for robust cyber-physical systems.

Building new capabilities and rebuilding lost capabilities.

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GLEN MERFELD

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Chief Technology Officer
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Albemarle Lithium

Leading positions in lithium hydroxide, lithium carbonate, organometallics & metal

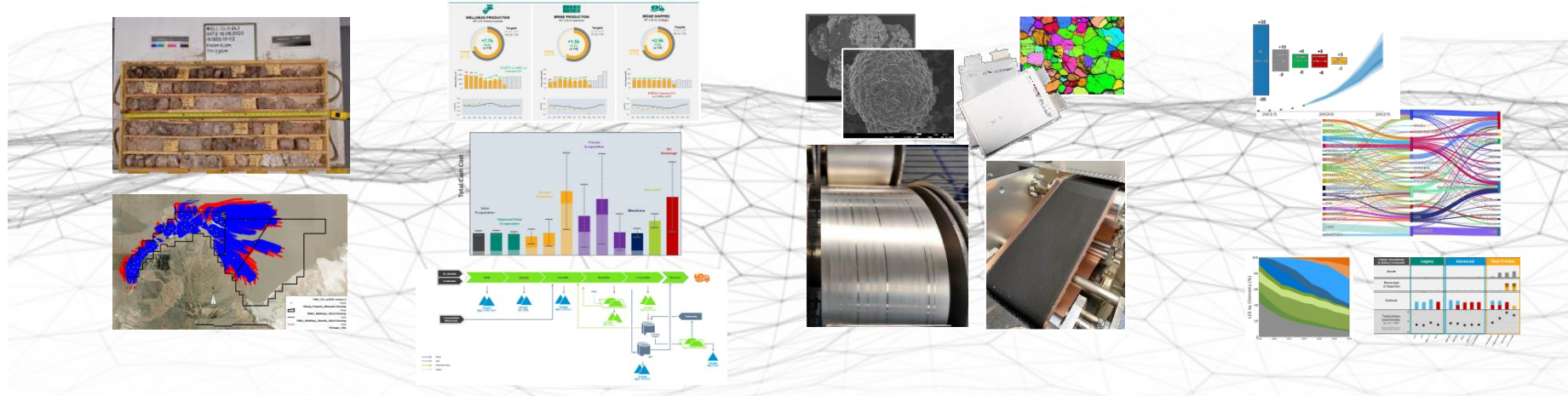
Vertically integrated access to largest & most concentrated brine & spodumene resources¹

Driving low-cost operations, sustainable production, and disciplined capital expansion

Lithium demand to reach 1 million MT LCE by 2025, 20%+ CAGR driven by EV penetration in new vehicle sales²

¹Resource & Reserve Data According to Roskill: Lithium Outlook to 2028. ²Lithium Intensity of Energy Storage Demand: 0.95, 0.76, and 0.78 kg LCE/kWh in 2018, 2019, and 2025, respectively; calculated from demand model output of total lithium demand (total real consumption and YOY inventory change), which accounts for lithium consumption of different technologies and applications. **New Car Sales:** 95, 89, and 102 million in 2018, 2019, and 2025, respectively

Lithium Technology – Spanning from Minerals to Market



Hydrogeology

Protect Environment & Sustain Resource

Extraction

Maximize Lithium Recovery & Purity

Advanced Materials

Create Customer Solutions & Performance Differentiation

Data Science

Link Technical Potential to Economic Impact

Technology Differentiation Across The Value Chain

Lithium Resources

Brine



SALAR DE ATACAMA, CHILE



SILVER PEAK, NV, USA



ANTOFALLA, ARGENTINA

Hardrock



GREENBUSHES, AUSTRALIA



WODGINA, AUSTRALIA



KINGS MOUNTAIN, NC, USA

Oil Field Brines



MAGNOLIA, AR, USA



- ✓ Geographically Diverse
- ✓ High Quality
- ✓ Large Scale
- ✓ Low Cost

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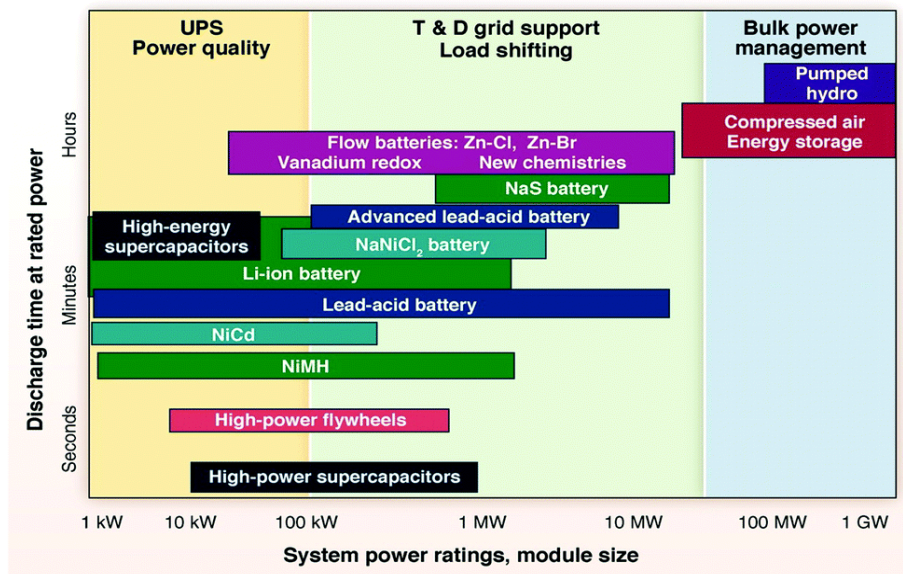


TIM ELLIS

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RSR Technologies

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Need for R&D to Meet Changing Requirements for More Powerful, Sustainable and Economical Batteries



Source: Energy & Environmental Science, Review of electrical energy storage technologies, materials and systems: challenges and prospects for large-scale grid storage. Turgut M. Gür, October 1, 2018)

Cost Goals for Current Technologies Manufactured at scale	
Li-ion Batteries (cells only)	\$100/kWh
V/V Flow Batteries (stack+PE)	\$300/kWh
Zinc Manganese Oxide (Zn-MnO ₂) 2 Electron System	\$ 50/kWh
Low Temperature Na / Na-ion based Batteries	\$ 60/kWh
Aqueous Soluble Organic (ASO) Redox Flow Batteries (stack+PE)	\$125/kWh
Advanced Lead Acid	\$ 35/kWh

Source: DOE OE – Making a business case for long duration energy storage, Energy Storage Digital Series, May 11, 2020

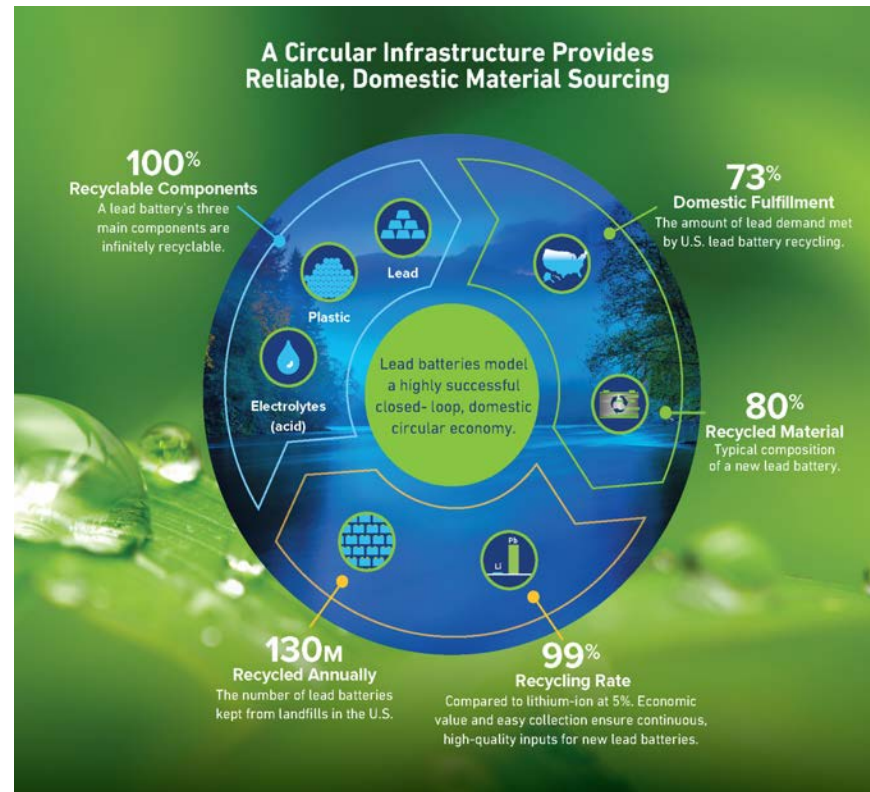
Meeting Growing U.S. Demand & Performance Needs

Domestic Manufacturing & Recycling

- \$26.3 billion industry
- North American lead battery manufacturing supplies 90% of North American demand
- Using recycled lead uses 90% less energy, 90% less greenhouse gases vs. virgin ore

Research Driving Performance Improvements

- **Advanced Product Architecture:** increasing Pb use efficiency (e.g., Bi-Polar)
- **Increase Material Utilization:** only 40% of the active material is utilized (70% = \$35/kWh)
- **Controls Technology:** understanding interrelationship between materials & processes powers further R&D - particularly in energy storage



Pb-batteries @ Advanced Photon Source

East Penn Manufacturing/RSR Tech CRADA

- Cooperative research and development agreement studying varying effects from multiple elements/additives in batteries
- Evaluating next generation Pb alloy performance using advanced analytical techniques

Lead Battery Science Research Program (LBSRP)

- Cooperative research between 16 US battery manufacturers and other Pb companies with Argonne National Lab to study fundamental and chemical physics of Pb battery performance

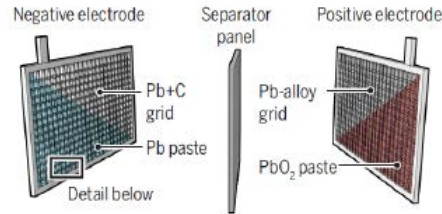
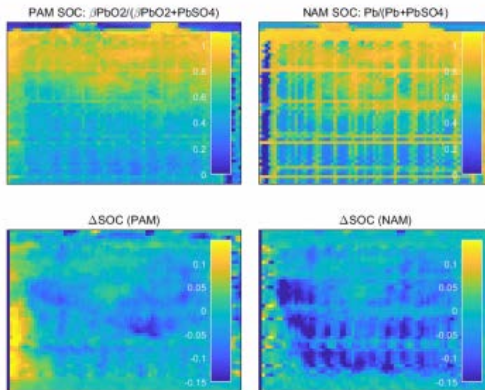
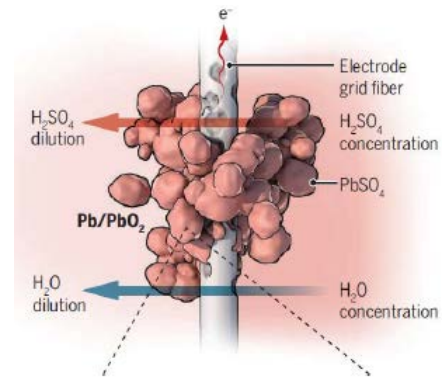


Figure adapted from: Papa Lopes *et al.*, *Science*, 360 (2020)



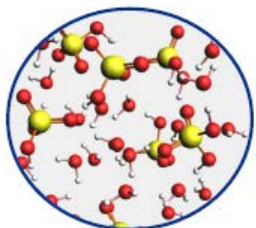
Pb Research Programs

Pacific Northwest National Lab (PNNL) Grid Storage group

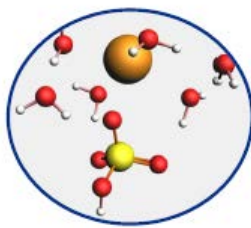
- Measurement of 6V batteries made with/without advance active materials to test performance.
- Advancing control algorithms to map application to basic physics/chemistry

Pending Project with Argonne National Lab/University of Toledo/US Industry Partners

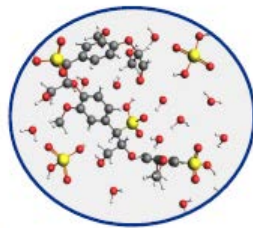
- Design and study of battery additives to improve battery performance
- Electrochemical testing of Pb in combination with impurities/various additives/synthetic molecules



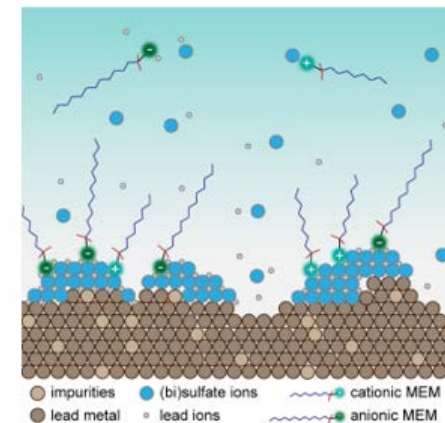
H_2SO_4 (aq)



PbSO_4 (aq)



Lignosulfonate (aq)



Mapping Industry Needs To Laboratory Capabilities

Materials and Control

Argonne	East Penn/RSRTech	Fundamental Material Science
Ames Lab DOE	RSRTech	Advanced Materials Development
PNNL/Argonne	RSRTech	Battery Evaluation
Argonne/PNNL	16 U.S. Lead Bat. Cos.	Fundamental Material Science
Argonne	5 U.S. Battery Mfrs.	Technology Transition — <u>NEW</u>

Product Architecture

Argonne	RSRTech/East Penn	CRADA
US DOE	U.S. ESGC	<u>Multiple FOA Responses Planned</u>

Resource Recovery

Re-Cell Center(Argonne)	RSRTech	Battery Recycling Technology
Argonne	RSRTech	Resource Recovery Process Validation



Lead Battery Science Research Program



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Thank you for attending the webinar.

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